

# 中央警察大學 105 學年度碩士班入學考試試題

所 別：各所  
科 目：國文

警察特考補習班-高見公職

專辦：警察特考、消防特考、一般警察特考、警專考試、警大研究所、警佐、消佐、警大二技考試

連絡電話：07-2233812

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LINE帳號：godtrain

作答注意事項：

- 1.本試題共 2 大題，每大題各占 50 分。
- 2.不用抄題，可不按題目次序作答，但應書寫題號。
- 3.禁用鉛筆作答，違者不予計分。
- 4.請以橫式書寫作答。

## 壹、解釋下列詞句之義：(每小題 10 分，共 50 分)

- 一、吾所以有大患者，為吾有身；及吾無身，有何患？(《老子·第十三章》)
- 二、為天下及國，莫如以德，莫如行義。以德以義，不賞而民勸，不罰而邪止，此神農、黃帝之政也。(《呂氏春秋·上德》)
- 三、事在四方，要在中央。聖人執要，四方來效。(《韓非子·揚權》)
- 四、凡戰者，以正合，以奇勝。故善出奇者，無窮如天地，不竭如江海。(《孫子兵法·勢篇》)
- 五、群臣陳其言，君以其言授其事，事以責其功。功當其事，事當其言則賞；功不當其事，事不當其言則誅。(《韓非子·二柄》)

## 貳、論文：50 分

顧炎武〈與友人論學書〉：「愚所謂聖人之道者如之何？曰：『博學於文』，曰：『行己有恥』。自一身以至於天下國家，皆學之事也；自子臣、弟友，以至出入、往來、辭受、取與之間，皆有恥之事也。恥之於人大矣。」請參酌前引古文之思想，以「現代警察的知識涵養與道德操守」為題，書寫論文一篇。

# 中央警察大學 105 學年度碩士班入學考試試題

所 別：各所

科 目：英文

警察特考補習班-高見公職

專辦：警察特考、消防特考、一般警察特考、警專考試、警

大研究所、警佐、消佐、警大二技考試

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作答注意事項：

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- 3.禁用鉛筆作答，違者不予計分。

## 一、 Vocabulary and Phrases：(20 分)

1.digital evidence

2.informant

3.INTERPOL

4.polygraph

5.in the line of duty

6.The violence outside the city hall \_\_\_\_\_ soon after the police force put down the riot.

(A) expired                      (B) subsided                      (C) redirected                      (D) instilled

7.The police \_\_\_\_\_ the whole area after fires were discovered in the high-rise building.

(A) cordoned off    (B) congested with  
(C) posted to    (D) emancipated from

8.The accused \_\_\_\_\_ against the death sentence to the Supreme Court.

(A) adhered                      (B) accommodated                      (C) adjusted                      (D) appealed

9. \_\_\_\_\_ is a person who is involved with another in the commission of a crime whether as a principal or as an accessory.

- (A) Escort                      (B) Accomplice                      (C) Abettor                      (D) Informant

10. He gave a \_\_\_\_\_ to the police telling them how he killed his wife.

- (A) commitment    (B) narrator  
(C) commandment    (D) confession

## 二、 Translation : (30 分)

### (一) 中翻英 (10 分)

在全球化趨勢下，犯罪國際化日益嚴重。因此，「打擊跨國犯罪」已是全球警政的核心。我國亦積極與各國執法機關建立情報合作管道，蒐集運輸販毒、國際詐欺、恐怖活動、人口販運、武器走私、駭客入侵，網路洗錢等犯罪情資，期能掃蕩不法，使跨國犯罪無所遁形，民眾免於被害。

### (二) 英翻中 (20 分)

1. The treatment to be given the offender cannot alter the fact of the offense, but we can take measures to reduce the chance of similar acts occurring in the future. We should banish the criminal, not in order to exact revenge nor directly to encourage reform, but to deter that person and others from further illegal attacks on society.

2. A police officer is permitted to use the amount of force necessary only to overcome the resistance or aggression that is presented by the subject. When the resistance or aggression is reduced, the officer must reduce his or her force correspondingly.

## 三、 Reading Comprehension : (20 分)

### (一) 請依下文回答第 1 題至第 5 題

Marco Polo literally changed the Western view of the world. European maps in his time were 1 on Biblical interpretations and classical mythology. Jerusalem was at the center. At the margins the map-makers drew monsters and savages, because there, 2 the Christian center, Nature herself was believed

to be monstrous. Then 3 Polo's book *Travels*, describing great civilizations in the East, and a world not centered on Jerusalem, politically or geographically. This recasting of the world into a more dynamic and multi-centered geographical space was the first step toward 4 we now call globalization. *Travels* appeared in popular anthologies circulating in Europe in the 15th and 16th centuries. Christopher Columbus had an early copy, and made notes in the margins. He later 5 America while searching out a western route to Polo's Cathay.

1. (A) based            (B) place            (C) situated            (D) supported
2. (A) in the vicinity of            (B) far from  
    (C) in lieu of            (D) close to
3. (A) came            (B) existed            (C) lied            (D) stood
4. (A) which            (B) what            (C) that            (D) where
5. (A) jumped into            (B) took after  
    (C) bungled into            (D) diverged from

(二) 請依下文回答第 6 題至第 10 題

In recent years, issues of public and personal safety have become a major concern to many people around the world. Violent incidents in fast food restaurants, parking lots, hospitals, schools and colleges, and shopping malls have led many to seek greater security inside their homes and in many public buildings and areas as well. Sales of burglar alarms, motion detectors, and closed circuit television systems (CCTV) have skyrocketed since 2000. Convenience stores, gas stations, jewelry stores, and even the postal service have barricaded their staffs behind safety glass enclosures and focus cameras on many work stations that involve handling money. Communities employ private security forces and encourage homeowners to install alarm systems and other security devices. While some people sympathize with the reasons behind these efforts, others have voiced concern that these measures are helping to create a siege mentality. There is fear that such a mentality will lead to a general distrust of others among people that could foster a dangerous isolation within neighborhoods and among neighbors.

- 6.The passage suggests which of the following about community security?
- (A) Communities are more dangerous today than they were before the year 2000.
- (B) Too much concern for security could destroy trust among neighbors.
- (C) Poor security has led to an increase in public violence.
- (D) Isolated neighborhoods are unsafe neighborhoods.
- 7.The word *foster* in the last sentence most nearly means
- (A) adopt                      (B) encourage                      (C) prevent                      (D) secure
- 8.The author believes that
- (A) More security is needed to make neighborhoods safer.
- (B) People should spend more on home security.
- (C) People should not ignore the problems created by excessively safety concerns.
- (D) Security devices are the best protection against violent crime.
- 9.According to the author, security devices have skyrocketed since 2000. What does it mean?
- (A) People like to live a life full of variety of security devices.
- (B) The need of security devices has dramatically increased among people.
- (C) The prices of security devices are on the increase.
- (D) Security devices have changed a lot since 2000.
- 10.In the second last sentence, the phrase *siege mentality* means
- (A) hostility                      (B) defensiveness                      (C) fear                      (D) corruption

#### 四、Essay : (30 分)

Write an essay on the topic : **Police Visibility**

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement ?

Increasing police visibility is a good policy to better public security.

Use specific reasons and examples to support your opinion.

# 中央警察大學 105 學年度碩士班入學考試試題

所 別：刑事警察研究所  
組 別：偵查科學組、刑事司法組  
科 目：犯罪偵查學

作答注意事項：

1. 本試題共 4 題，每題各占 25 分；共 1 頁。
2. 不用抄題，可不按題目次序作答，但應書寫題號。
3. 禁用鉛筆作答，違者不予計分。

- 一、當轄區面臨一件無名分屍案件，請問如何判斷死者身分，推斷死亡時間，釐清加、被害者關係，並據以縮小偵查範圍。
- 二、最近國內縱火案件頻傳，造成嚴重生命及財產損失，請說明縱火犯罪的定義、特性及其分類。
- 三、犯罪現場是跡證的寶庫與偵查的基礎，抵達現場應如何決定現場的範圍並執行現場的搜尋？
- 四、毒品跨境（跨國界，跨邊境）犯罪猖獗且偵查不易，偵查機關常需交互使用各種特別之偵查方式。控制下交付（Controlled Delivery）即為特殊偵查方式之一，試說明其義（15 分）。其與誘捕偵查及臥底偵查有何區分（10 分）？

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連絡電話：07-2233812  
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# 中央警察大學 105 學年度碩士班入學考試試題

所 別：警察政策研究所(警察法學組)  
刑事警察研究所(刑事司法組)  
法律學研究所  
科 目：刑法及刑事訴訟法

作答注意事項：

- 1.本試題共 4 題，每題各 25 分；共 2 頁。
- 2.不用抄題，可不按題目次序作答，但應書寫題號。
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- 一、甲男任職某分局偵查員，與 A 女交往多時，由於 A 女有新結識男友而提議分手，兩人談判後不歡而散。甲懷恨在心而欲報復 A，由於擔任警職不便出面，乃以新臺幣 8 萬元央請失業男子乙與丙毆打 A，乙、丙二人答應甲之請託。某日，乙、丙二人在 A 行經無人之道時，合力出手毆打 A，但 A 奮力抵抗並拿出防狼噴劑迎面噴射，乙心生憤怒，認為將 A 殺死亦無妨，乃拾起地上石塊攻擊 A 之頭部，A 不支倒地，丙見 A 隨身攜帶一只名牌包，內有現金數萬元與金飾，乃將其取走後，二人逃離現場。結果，A 在該無人經過之道路上失血過多，不治死亡。試問：甲、乙、丙三人之行為應如何處斷？
- 二、某分局偵查隊偵查員甲與乙二人執行臨檢勤務，A 因攜帶大麻，在緊張慌亂之下，立即將以保鮮膜包著之大麻吞入體內，甲、乙二人將 A 帶回分局處理，期間將 A 帶至醫院檢查，經過 X 光檢查，確認 A 體內確有大麻塊狀物，於是在分局偵查階段使用瀉劑，以及令 A 喝下大量礦泉水，終於使 A 排出該毒品，而將其扣押後移送法辦。試問：甲、乙二人執行此種偵查程序有無違法瑕疵？該扣押所得證據有無證據能力？
- 三、某地檢署委託某私立醫院辦理毒品犯之尿液檢驗工作，該醫院檢驗員甲竟心生貪念，某日收受毒品犯乙 10 萬元現金後，將乙之尿液瓶子換裝成自己的尿液，導致檢驗結果呈現陰性反應，檢察官因罪證不足而對乙為不起訴處分。試問本案甲之可罰性為何？

四、刑法第 91 條之 1 第 2 項針對妨害性自主等罪之強制治療處分規定：「前項處分期間至其再犯危險顯著降低為止，執行期間應每年鑑定、評估有無停止治療之必要。」試論述該項之規定有無違反刑法罪刑法定原則之精神？

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所 別：刑事警察研究所

組 別：刑事司法組

科 目：心理學

作答注意事項：

1. 本試題共 4 題，每題各占 25 分；共 2 頁。
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一、簡要說明下列學者之主要貢獻領域及著名研究或文獻：（每小題 5 分）

（一）Hermann Ebbinghaus

（二）William James

（三）Elizabeth Loftus

（四）Robert Sternberg

（五）Ernst Heinrich Weber

二、簡要說明下列名詞：（每小題 5 分）

（一）Big five of personality

（二）Circadian rhythms

（三）Ledoux's two emotion neural pathway

（四）Opponent-process theory ( of vision )

（五）Synaptic pruning

三、焦慮症狀是常見的生活困擾，在臨床上也是許多偏差或疾病的共通現象，請嘗試描述 Bandura、Skinner、Rogers、Higgins 與 Freud 對焦慮（anxiety）的來源之看法。（25 分）

四、近來社會發生多起隨機殺人事件，一般人多認為精神疾病（mental illness）患者比一般人更具嚴重暴力行為（violence），這是真實或迷思？請依臨床科學研究證據說明之。（10 分）目前能正確預測出精神疾病患者暴力危險性嗎？其具體內涵為何？（15 分）