

中央警察大學 107 學年度碩士班入學考試試題

所 別：各所

科 目：英文

作答注意事項：

1. 本試題共 4 大題；共 4 頁。
2. 不用抄題，可不按題目次序作答，但應書寫題號。
3. 禁用鉛筆作答，違者不予計分。

一、 Vocabulary and Phrases : (20 分)

Qs 1-5 :

1. The police developed as a mechanism to do justice by apprehending offenders and holding them _____.
(A)admirable (B)accountable (C)appreciable (D)affluent
2. Since their primary practical goal was to reduce crime _____, police long believed that they were in the business of crime prevention.
(A)ventilation (B)vicinity (C)victimization (D)viscosity
3. Efforts to concentrate police enforcement efforts in high-risk places, commonly known as hot spot policing, have been found to be _____ in controlling crime.
(A)effective (B)edible (C)enclose (D)excavate
4. Police responses to crime problems can be greatly _____ by securing productive partnerships with community members.
(A)emigrated (B)enigma (C)estate (D)enhanced
5. A police focus on controlling disorder has been hypothesized to be an important way to reduce more serious crimes in _____.
(A)nerves (B)neighborhoods (C)narratives (D)nomads

Qs 6-10 : Fill in each of the blanks with a proper word to make the statement complete.

The initial and final letters of the word are given as hints.

6. The procedure for the surrender of an alleged criminal by one state to another having j_____n to try the charge is called extradition.
7. Preventive d_____n allows the judges to imprison anyone who they have good reason to believe may commit a further crime.
8. If a person is convicted of robbery and sentenced to eight years in prison, he or she will be put behind b_____s and serve the jail term.
9. The study clearly demonstrates the link between child abuse and juvenile d_____y.
10. A voluntary confession is a confession that is given out of a suspect's own free will, and has not been obtained by force, coercion, or i_____n.

二、 Translation : (30 分)

Translate the following short passages from Chinese to English or the other way around.

1. 舉凡酒駕的稽查取締、陳抗事件的處置因應、非法槍彈及毒品的查緝防制、跨國詐欺犯罪的打擊遏阻、乃至網路科技犯罪的偵防情蒐等，均為國人關切的治安議題。
2. Law enforcement agencies should establish a culture of transparency and accountability in order to build public trust and legitimacy. This will help ensure decision making is understood and in accord with stated policy.

三、 Reading Comprehension : (20 分)

Qs 1-5 :

1. When a defendant claims that the presence of blood sprinkles on his clothing is due to the fact that he has touched such clothing with bloody hands, one can immediately conclude that he is lying.

The fact upon which this conclusion is based is *most nearly* that

- (A) nothing absorbs blood.
- (B) blood does not sprinkle.
- (C) fingerprints would have been left by the defendant if he had touched the clothing.
- (D) bloody hands will not leave the described mark.

2. The large number of fatal motor-vehicle accidents renders necessary the organization of special units in the police department to cope with the technical problems encountered in such investigations.

The generalization which can be inferred *most directly* from this statement is that

- (A) large problems require specialists.
- (B) technical problems require specialists.
- (C) many police problems require special handling.
- (D) many policemen are specialists.

3. In examining the scene of a homicide one should not only look for the usual, standard traces – fingerprints, footprints, etc. – but should also have eyes open for details which at first glance may not seem to have any connection with the crime.

The *most logical* inference to be drawn from this statement is that

- (A) in general, standard traces are not important.
- (B) sometimes one should not look for footprints.
- (C) usually only the usual, standard traces are important.
- (D) one cannot tell in advance what will be important.

4. Officer Chang didn't eat anything but small pieces of bread and butter.

The sentence that is *closest in meaning* to the one given above is that

- (A) He ate small pieces of bread and butter but didn't like them.
- (B) He only ate some small pieces of bread and butter.
- (C) He didn't eat anything, not even the bread and butter.
- (D) He didn't touch the bread and butter, but he ate other things.

5. After failing a doping test at the Beijing Olympics, John Peterson was stripped of his gold medal.

The sentence that is *closest in meaning* to the one given above is that

- (A) At the Beijing Olympics, John Peterson and many others were disqualified after failing a doping test.
- (B) If John Peterson hadn't been tested positive for doping at the Beijing Olympics, he wouldn't have lost his gold medal.
- (C) Since John Peterson confessed having used doping, his gold medal was taken back.
- (D) Although John Peterson failed the doping test, he wasn't disqualified from the Beijing Olympics.

Qs 6-10 :

Since the early 1990s, the police have become much more interested in a broader idea of prevention and the use of a wide range of crime prevention 6. The search for greater citizen satisfaction, increased legitimacy and more effective crime prevention 7 to the traditional tactics used by most police departments led to the development of problem-oriented policing and hot-spots policing. The operational paradigms of many modern police departments have steadily 8 from a "professional" model of policing to a community-oriented, problem-solving model. Growing community dissatisfaction and a series of research studies that questioned the 9 of the professional model's basic tenets served as catalysts for the 10.

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|----------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 6. (A) tension | (B) trash | (C) tactics | (D) timber |
| 7. (A) abuses | (B) alternatives | (C) abstracts | (D) amazements |
| 8. (A) evolved | (B) enclosed | (C) estimated | (D) eroded |
| 9. (A) walkout | (B) effectiveness | (C) incitement | (D) turbulence |
| 10.(A) distort | (B) assignment | (C) hostility | (D) shift |

四、Essay : (30 分)

Write an essay on the topic : Combatting Fraud

Fraud has been one of the fastest growing crimes in recent decades. The current epidemic in fraud has been attributed to the rapid growth of the Internet and digital finance, the vast expansion of mobile phones, and the limited response of law enforcement agencies. Please describe your opinion about the strategy against fraud.

中央警察大學 107 學年度碩士班入學考試試題

所 別：刑事警察研究所
組 別：偵查科學組、刑事司法組
科 目：犯罪偵查學

作答注意事項：

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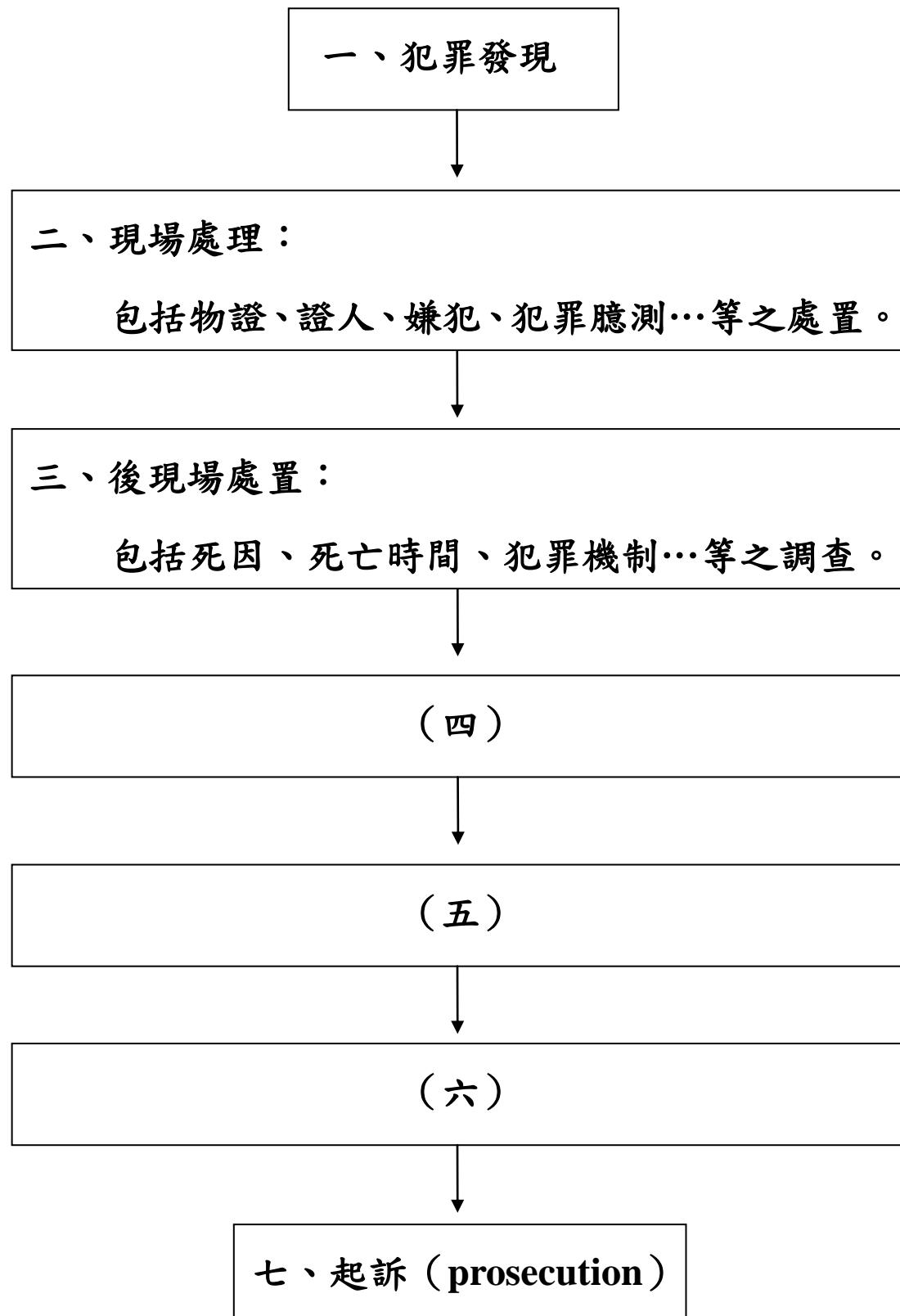
一、性侵害加、被害者在犯罪過程中有大量的肢體（Physical Behavior）和言語（Oral Behavior）互動，對掌握犯罪者特徵很有幫助，請列舉並說明之。

二、請從動機分析縱火犯罪者的類型，各類縱火犯有何特性，如何運用在犯罪偵查工作？

三、假設你是偵查員（佐），於網路巡邏看到一則以匿名軟體於臉書（Facebook）發布之訊息如下：「…人生終究得面臨一死，死後你想給這世間留下什麼？令人歌功頌德之豐功偉業，何其困難！但，有另類的作為可讓人們終生難忘，那就是手持利刃，於捷運車廂內盡情砍殺，讓他人的鮮血洗滌你我一生的哀怨與仇恨，大家一起來吧！」請問你該如何進行該案件之偵查？

四、對於兇殺案件之偵查，從現場之處理、後現場處置、重點聚焦與鎖定，以及到最後之偵查起訴等過程，應制定程序檢核步驟 (checklist) 如下圖所示，其中的第四、第五、以及第六程序應為下列提示之哪一項？並請分別敘述其可進行之查察內容。

提示：線索查察 (lead development) 、鑑別與逮捕 (identification and arrest) 、案件建構 (case preparation) 。



中央警察大學 107 學年度碩士班入學考試試題

所 別：警察政策研究所(警察法學組)

刑事警察研究所(刑事司法組)

法律學研究所

科 目：刑法及刑事訴訟法

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一、某甲與丙素有仇怨，甲得知乙於某日要去殺丙，便主動前去幫忙乙，到達現場時，乙正持刀砍殺丙，丙則持木棍抵抗，甲見狀，亦持木棍加入戰鬥，丙不敵二人圍攻，便抽身逃離，乙緊追不捨，丙在情急之下，將手中的木棍擲向乙，擊中乙的頭部受傷，又彈飛擊中路人丁的臉部受傷，丙始得以順利逃離。請說明其中之犯罪事實並論斷行為人之罪責。

二、甲搶奪乙的皮包並導致乙受傷，經乙向地檢署提起傷害告訴，檢察官以甲罪嫌不足為由，不起訴處分。本案後來經警察調查後，以搶奪罪移送地檢署，檢察官認為甲嫌疑重大，將甲以搶奪罪向法院提起公訴。法院審理時，認為甲構成搶奪罪，並認為與傷害罪（已經檢察官為不起訴處分）為一行為觸犯數罪名之想像競合犯。請問：法院應如何審判？檢察官已為不起訴處分之案件應如何處理？

三、甲女、乙女為一對母女，乙女數年前，因腦中風而成為「植物人」。甲女因不堪長期照顧老母之苦，在身心俱疲的情況下，為早期解脫母女兩人的痛苦，遂起意將乙女悶死，之後欲燒碳自殺，惟自殺過程中因被人發現送醫急救而撿回一命，試問甲女之可罰性為何？

四、員警甲持檢察官合法簽發之拘票至乙宅執行拘提乙，敲門後無人應門，即破門而入，在搜尋乙的過程中，發現房間的衣櫃內有手槍一把及數十發子彈，隨即扣押之。試論述本案搜扣取得之相關證據有無證據能力？

中央警察大學 107 學年度碩士班入學考試試題

所 別：刑事警察研究所

組 別：刑事司法組

科 目：心理學

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一、請說明何謂 Atkinson 及 Shiffrin 所提出的「記憶多階段儲存理論」（multistore model of memory），並比較該理論的各階段在編碼（encoding）、儲存容量（capacity）以及持續時間（duration）之差異？依該理論，可透過何種方法增進偵查人員對某特定犯罪集團組織分工等細節之記憶？

二、何謂歸納式推理（inductive reasoning）、演繹式推論（deductive reasoning）、溯因式推理（abductive reasoning）？試舉例說明三者在偵查推理過程之應用。

三、請說明人類行為發展的特徵有哪些？並說明其對研究少年犯罪之應用。

四、「認知複雜度」（cognitive complexity）的概念為何？並說明其與溝通能力及壓力處理之關係。